

# (Material Safety Data Sheet)

Date: 2023.02.23

Product name LEAD-ACID BATTERIES(MF)

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

A. Product name LEAD-ACID BATTERIES(MF)

B. Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use of the chemical For engine start

Restrictions on use It prohibited the use of non-designated use

C. Distributor information

Distributor's name YHI Power PTY LTD Australia

Head Office Address 20-22 Venture Way, Braeside, VIC 3195

Telephone number TEL: +61 3 9588 1888 Emergency Contact number +61 413 381 228

Email inquiry@yhipower.com.au

D. Emergency Contact

Name YHI Power PTY LTD Australia

Head Office Address 20-22 Venture Way, Braeside, VIC 3195

Telephone number TEL: +61 3 9588 1888
Emergency Contact number +61 413 381 228
Email inquiry@yhipower.com.au

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

A. Hazard classification Substances and mixtures, which in contact with water, emit flammable gases:

Categories 2

Pyrophoric solids: Category 1 Corrosive to metals: Category 1

Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, ingalation): Categories 1

Skin corrosion: Categories 1
Serious eye damage: Category 1
Carcinogenicity: Category 2
Reproductive toxicity: Category 1A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single exposure: Categories 1
Specific target organ toxicity repeated exposure: Category 1
Hazardous to the aquatic environment\_chronic: Category 3

B. Allocation label elements

Symbol









Signal word

Danger

Hazard statements H250 Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air

H261 In contact with water releases flammable gas

H290 May be corrosive to metals

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H330 Harmful if inhaled

H350 May cause cancer (inhalation)

H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child

H370 Causes damage to organs

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects



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Precautionary statements

Prevention P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. ? No smoking.

P222 Do not allow contact with air.

P223 Do not allow contact with water

P231 + P232 Handle under inert gas. Protect from moisture.

P234 Keep only in original container.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

P284 [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection

Response P301 + P330 + P331 If SWALLOWED Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 If ON SKIN(or hair) Take off immediately all contamicated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304 + P340 IF INHALED IF INHALED Remove person to fresh air and keep

comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. P307 + P311 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/?

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P320 Specific treatment is urgent (see ?on this label).

P321 Specific treatment (see ?on this label).

P335 + P334 Brush off loose particles from skin. Immerse in cool water/wrap in wet

andages.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370 + P378 In case of fire Use to extinguish.

P390 Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Storage P402 + P404 Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P406 Store in corrosive resistant/... container with a resistant inner liner.

P422 Store contents under

Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

C. Other hazards which do not result in classification (NFPA)

Lead

Health Not available
Flammability Not available
Reactivity Not available



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	no	

Health	Not available
Flammability	Not available
Reactivity	Not available

Calcium

Health 3
Flammability 1
Reactivity 2

Tin

Health Not available Flammability Not available Reactivity Not available

Sulfuric acid

Health 3
Flammability 0
Reactivity 2
Polypropylene

Health 1
Flammability 1
Reactivity 0

## 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name / Synonym	CAS No. or ID	Content (%)
Lead	7439-92-1	54
Antimony	7440-36-0	0.2
Calcium	7440-70-2	0.03
Tin	7440-31-5	0.3
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	34
Deligraphidage	9003-07-0	G
Polypropylene	9003-07-0	6

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

A. Eye contact If a battery ruptures, do not rub or scratch exposed eye. Immediately flush eyes

with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Cold water may

be used. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

B. Skin contact If a battery ruptures, do not rub or scratch exposed skin. If liquid get on the skin, immediately flush the contaminated skin with water for at least 15 minutes. If liquid

penetrate through the clothing, immediately remove the clothing and shoes under a safety shower and continue to wash the skin for at least 15 minutes. GET MEDICAL

ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

C. Inhalation If a battery ruptures, move to fresh air in case of accidental inhalation of mist. If

breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give

oxygen. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.



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D. Ingestion

If solutions of a battery chemicals have been swallowed and the person is conscious, give one glass of water. Vomiting may occur spontaneously, but Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. GET MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

E. Most important symptoms/effects, acute or delayed

EYES: Not a likely route of exposure. If a battery ruptures, direct contact with the liquid or exposure to vapors or mists may cause tearing, redness, swelling, corneal damage and irreversible eye damage. Splashes in the eyes will cause severe burns.

SKIN: Not a likely route of exposure. Direct contact with internal components of a battery can be severely irritating to the skin and may result in redness, swelling, burns and severe skin damage. Skin contact may aggravate an existing dermatitis condition.

INHALATION: Not a likely route of exposure. If a battery ruptures, may be harmful or fatal if inhaled in a confined area. May cause severe irritation and burns of the nose, throat and respiratory tract.

INGESTION: Not a likely route of exposure. Causes serious burns of the mouth or perforation of the esophagus or stomach. May be fatal if swallowed.

\* Lead may causes toxic to blood, kidneys, central nervous system (CNS). Repeated or prolonged

F. Indication of immediate medical attention and notes for physician

Based on the individual reactions of the patient, the physician's judgement should be used to control symptoms and clinical condition.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

A. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

B. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

C. Special protective equipment and precautions for

D. Fire and explosion hazard

Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

If a battery ruptures, use dry chemical, soda ash, lime, sand or carbon dioxide.

Lead, lead compounds and sulfuric acid fume may be released during a fire involving the product.

Involving the product.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full fire-fighting protective

Not flammable.

Battery may rupture due to pressure buildup when exposed to excessive heat and may be result in the release of corrosive materials.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

A. Necessary measures and protective gear to protect

humans

B. Necessary measures to protect environment

C. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

If a battery ruptures, avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not touch spilled material. Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8 (Exposure Controls/Personal Protection).

Notify authorities and appropriate federal, state, and local agencies. Prevent the product from spreading into the environment. Avoid direct discharge into SMALL SPILLS: Collect all released material in a plastic lined metal container. If necessary neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. LARGE SPILLS: Contain liquid using absorbent material, by digging trenches or by building a dike. Absorb with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material. Neutralize the residue with a dilute solution of sodium carbonate. Dispose of all contaminated materials in accordance with current local regulations.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

A. Precautions for safe handling

Protect from physical damage.

B. Conditions for safe storage (Including any incompatibilities)

Avoid contact with eyes. Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area away from sources of heat, moisture, incompatibilities, and direct sunlight. Have emergency equipment (for fires, spills, leaks, etc.) readily available.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

A. Occupational exposure limit(s), biological exposure standard



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OSHA-PEL 0.05 mg/m3 (Lead), 1 mg/m3 (Sulfuric acid), 0.5 mg/m3 (Antimony)

ACGIH-TLV TWA 0.05 mg/m3 (Lead), TWA 0.2 mg/m3 (Sulfuric acid)

TWA 0.5 mg/m3(Antimony)

B. Appropriate engineering controls

Use local exhaust ventilation if necessary to control airborne mist and vapor.

C. Individual protection measures

Body protection

If significant mists or aerosols are generated an approved respirator is

Respiratory protection recommended. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory

protection program including selection, fit testing, training, maintenance and

inspection.

Eye protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Hand protection Wear chemical resistant gloves. Gloves should be replaced immediately if signs of

degradation are observed.

Use good work and personal hygiene practices to avoid exposure. Consider the

provision in the work area of a safety shower and eyewash. Always wash

thoroughly after handling chemicals.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

A. Appearance (Physical State, Colour Etc.) Off-white cloudy liquid with solid object.

B. Odour CharacteristicsC. Odor threshold Not available

D. pH pH < 1 (Sulfuric acid)

E. Melting point/freezing point

Not available

F. Initial boiling point and boiling range

Not available

G. Flash point

Non-flammable

H. Evaporation rate

Not available

I. Flammability (Solid, Gas)

Not applicable

J. Upper/Lower flammability or explosive

limits

Non-flammable

Not available K. Vapor pressure Soluble in water L. Solubility Not available M. Vapor density N. Specific gravity Not available O. Partition coefficient of n-octanol/water Not available Not applicable P. Auto-ignition temperature Q. Decomposition temperature Not available R. Viscosity Not available S. Molecular weight Mixture

Note: These physical properties are typical values for this product.

A. Appearance (Physical State, Colour Etc.) Bluish white, silvery gray.

B. Odour None

C. Odor threshold Not available D. pH Not applicable E. Melting point/freezing point 327.5  $^{\circ}$ C

F. Initial boiling point and boiling range 1740°C (1013 hPa)
G. Flash point Non-flammable
H. Evaporation rate Not applicable
I. Flammability (Solid, Gas) Not applicable



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J. Upper/Lower flammability or explosive Non-flammable

1.33 hPa (973℃) K. Vapor pressure Insoluble in water L. Solubility M. Vapor density Not applicable N. Specific gravity 11.34 g/cm3 O. Partition coefficient of n-octanol/water Not applicable Not applicable P. Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable Q. Decomposition temperature Not applicable

S. Molecular weight 207.2

Note: These physical properties are typical values for Lead(Pb).

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

R. Viscosity

A. Chemical stabilit Stable at normal temperatures and storage conditions.

B. Possibility of hazardous reactions Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

C. Conditions to avoid (static discharge, shock, vibration etc.)

Overcharging. Sources of ignition. Mechanical impact. Contact with incompatible

chemicals.

D. Substances to avoid If a battery ruptures, avoid contact with organic materials and alkaline materials.

E. Hazardous decomposition products Lead, Lead compounds and sulfuric acid fumes may be released during a fire

involving the product.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

A. Information on the likely routes of

Inhalation Corrosive. severe irritation and burns.

Ingestion Serious burns

Eve/Skin Eye: Tearing, redness, swelling, corneal damage, irreversible eye damage and

Skin: Redness, swelling, burns and severe skin damage.

B. Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Acute toxicity Oral (LD50): Rat, 2140 mg/kg (Sulfuric acid), 7000 mg/kg (Antimony)

(possible route of exposure) Skin (LD50): Not available

Inhalation (LC50): Rat, 0.347 mg/L(4hr) (dust//mist)

Skin corrosion/irritation cat 1 Serious eye damage/irritation cat 1

Respiratory sensitization Not available Skin sensitization Not available Carcinogenicity cat 1B

ACGIH Group A2, IARC Group 1 (Mist containing sulfuric acid)

\* Note: Sulfuric acid mist is not expected under normal use of the product. ACGIH Group A3, IARC Group 2B (Lead), IARC Group 3 (Polypropylene)

Germ cell mutagenicity cat 2

Reproductive toxicity Not available

STOST-single exposure cat 1

Respiratory

STOST-repeated exposure cat 1

Hematopoietic system, kidney, central nervous system, peripheral nervous system,

cardiovascular system, immune system, respiratory.



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Aspiration hazard Not available

C. Numeric measure of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates) - ATEmix

Oral (LD50) Rat, > 5,000 mg/kg Skin (LD50) Not available

Inhalation (LC50) Rat, 2.51 mg/L(4hr) (dust//mist)

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

A. Aquatic/terrestrial ecology toxicity

Fish (LC50) Not available
Daphnia (EC50) Not available
Algae (EC50) Not available

B. Persistence and degradability

Persistence Not available
Degradability Not available
C. Bioaccumulative potential Not available
D. Mobility in soil Not available
E. Other hazardous effects Not available

## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### A. DISPOSAL METHODS

Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations. Hazardous wastes must be transported by a licensed hazardous waste transporter and disposed of or treated in a properly licensed hazardous waste treatment, storage, disposal or recycling facility. Consult local, state, and federal regulations for specific requirements.

B. PRECAUTIONS (INCLUDING DISPOSAL OF CONTAMINATED CONTAINER OR PACKAGE)

Since emptied containers retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

A. UN Number UN 2794

B. UN Proper shipping name BATTERIES, WET, FILLED WITH ACID, electric storage.

C. Transport hazard class(ES) 8
D. Packing group (If applicable) None

E. Marine pollutant substances Not Applicable

(applicable/not applicable)

F. Special precautions for user Not Applicable

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### A. Inventories

EINECS/EU Listed (EINECS No. 231-100-4(Lead), 231-639-5(Sulfuric acid))

TSCA/US Listed

ENCS/JAPAN Listed (ENCS No. 1-527(Lead), 1-430(Sulfuric acid))

AICS/AUSTRALIA Listed
DSL/CANADA Listed
IECSC/CHINA Listed
PICCS/PHILIPPINES Listed

KECI/S.KOREA Listed (KE-21887(Lead), KE-32570(Sulfuric acid))



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#### B. International Environmental Agreement

PIC Not listed POPs Not listed Not listed Ozone depletion

EU. Directive 67/548/EEC on the classification, packaging, and labelling of dangerous substances, Annex I

C; R35 Classification R35 Risk Phrases

Safety Phrases S1/2, S26, S30, S45

C. U.S. Federal, Heanth and Environment) and U.S. Federal, Right-To-Know

CERCLA Section 103 (40 CFR 302.4) 10lb (4.535 kg) (Lead), 1000 lb (453.599 kg) (Sulfuric acid)

EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 302 1000 lb (453.599 kg) (Sulfuric acid)

(EHS -TPQ)

EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 304

(EHS - Reporting Quantities)

1000 lb (453.599 kg) (Sulfuric acid)

EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 Sulfuric acid

- Toxic chemical release reporting (acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other airborne forms of any

OSHA Specifically Regulated Not applicable

Substances

D. Canada regulatory information

WHMIS Ingredient Disclosure List Regulated

NOTE: The regulatory information given above only indicates the principal regulations specifically applicable to the product described in the Safety Data Sheet. The user's attention is drawn to the possible existence of additional provisions which complete these regulations. Refer to all applicable national, international and local regulations or provisions.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

### A. Source of data

Guideline for Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS).

EC-ECB, International Uniform Chemical Information Database (IUCLID)

Hazardous Substances Data Bank (HSDB)

Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (RTECS)

National Institute of Technology and Evaluatio -NITE (Japan).

NFPA 704 Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response.

International Chemical Safety Cards(ICSC)(http://www.nihs.go.jp/ICSC)

3E Company/Ariel WebInsight DB.